Author Case 1:03-pv-00455/SOM-WSG Document 191 Filed 04/11/2006 Page 1 of 11 Tie.c.F. E-1 FILED IN THE 295 Hay 49 Sruth UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Tutustee Ms 38963 DISTRICT OF HAWAII plaintiffs prose In the United States District Crift o'clock and Domin. P. M. For the District of Hanaii SUE BEITIA, GLERK Anthony Nesbet Plaintoff Civil No. 03-00455 SOM-KAC Consolidated State of Haware Nept of Public sefety et al Defendants Plainteff's Supplemental Perpones in Support of Plaint / p Opposition with Defendants response to Plaint / p interior atorices Circles OH 00167 DAE-LEK Consolidated William J. Kotis Plaintff State of Hanan Dept of Public Safety, et al Defendants Comes Now Plaintiffs authory Nesbet and William Kotis with their final Supplemental Response in Support of Plaintyp Opposition to defendants motion for summary Judge hent with Defendante answers to plaint fly interr-ogatories Plaintiffs wish to use this as evidence to support their Opposition and have presented for and arguements in support here in page log 10

Plaintiffs recieved defendants reply memorandum in support of Defendants Motion for Summary Judgement. fled March 30, 2006 On april 3, 2006 this was recieved along with some of the Ordered in terrogataries all these legal documents were recieved by plaintiffs on april 3, 2006.

Plaintiffs have a hearing date for Defendants summary Judgement Motion on april sett 2006 as set by the Homorable Nevin Chang at plaintiffs hearing for Discovery Sanctions and 2 nd enlargement of Time this new hearing date for summary Judgement was Verbally communicated to plaintiffs thonever no legal document has yet been received by plaintiffs regarding their request for enlarge ment of time or the Homorable Magistrates ruleing at the Time of that hearing.

Plaintiffs are again facing a Time limitation to argue haw and pleadings and put this all together before the april 24th 2006 hearing date at this time which gives plaintiffs 20 days to respond plaintiffs have not received interrogatories from Defendant Edmin Shimoda as well as Defendant Chief of Security Saia Finan these responses are important in Supporting plaintiffs Opposition to defendants summary Judgement Motion, for now plaintiffs will address what was received on april 3, 2006

Defenants rely on third-party decision ni Civil
Case 04-00414 filed in the U.S. District Court December 6,
2005, and in that Civil action the Honorable U.S. District court
rever recognized that Mr. aholeslei fully exhausted the Claim
that HCF's housing policies was unconstitutional or that
Mr. aholeslei had standing to assert his Claims chellenging
14CF's housing policies under Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(6)(1) See White
V. Lee 227 F. 3 d 1214, 1242 (914 Cii 2000) How wer this was
recognized in plaint for Complaint, Claims and arquements
and is gerg represented in 03-00455 and 04-00167 Consolidated
page 2 of 10

also in Me aholelei Order & December 6, 2005 the Honorable District Court saw his pleadings as being flawed stateing that me abolelle arguments were not explicit in his Complaint a Opposition, where as in 03-00+55 Consolidated plaintiffe amplaint the Honnable Court stated Dantifle " are clearly alleging that UCF's housing policy, in and of itself, is unconstitutional" and it is here that different Considerature and fundamentate of Low as well as arguemento come into play concerning the Challenging of the housing practice see White V. Lee 227 F.3 of 1214

Nefendants argue that there is no law on point with plaintiffe Claims and Complaint argueing that this is not Clearly established law therefore Qualified emmunity attacker. Hant fle argue nents concerning simular comple in Opposition filed Jan 18, 2006 at pages 6,7,8 these pages show that semular situation and Circumstances in Case law do regonize gang targeting and non-going members as an identtargeting and Violence and in this instant Case purposes for gang targeting were mainly recruitment in the Challenged housing practice areast hose who choose not to join the reval gang they are housed with will suffer pain and enjury until they four or conform to the prison gangestandard for acceptance which confirms this statement made by defendant R. as her.

In defendant Randy Askers answer to interrogatory 28

majority unless the non affiliated gang minate is strong enough to with stand the pressures of the gang."

Plaint / fe have claimed deliberate ignorance in there awareness of the high probability of gang targeting and the

Songstanding and well documented History of heatings and Covercion for recruitment purposes in the use of the Challenged Housing practice, defendants are aware but consciencionly avoiding the high probability of the fact in question

the reason why someone (defendants) would do this is to impose their own notions of hatred and conflict upon prisoners, regardless of whether these notions are based in fact or deeply-held stereotypes, the housing prectice has key defective components that allows and quies prison of ficials, staff, quards Carto blanche to do this and they do, also secondly defendants deliberate ignorance is an effort to escape liability)

when reading answers to plaintiff interrogatories repeat word and phrases present are modicative of what plaintiff see as coaching, directing, instructing, altering by defendants attorney who in concert with defendants use evasive, broad, and contradictory answers in an effort to escape liability, moreover answers to interrogatories are typed up at the attorney generally affice, who knows what the original answers were refree doctoring by the attorney Generally office.

all defendants Collectively played the "Ostrick" in the use of the Challenged housing practice, defendants answer to interrogation; (# 14) How many greiances for the last 5 years did you receive a know of that Complained of mison gang nambers threating, extenting a assualting enmates (Ourswer Some or don't know) this is a evasure and repeat answer to this interrogatory again demonstrating deliberate ignorance.

The extent of there aware ness and knowledge of the known danger in the housing practice is demonstrated in there reply's to those grisvances which they will not produce because they claim infidentiality and a Burden However plaint of periodence combined with answers to interrogatories show page to 19

and prove plainty/e Claims.

ken Combineing the "some" answer to interrogatory (14) all those somes suggest a pattern of a buse in the use of the Challenged housing practice add these somes to plaint iffe evidence (declaratione of the innates bester and Coreced and forced rival gang numbership) and then add former grievance specialist Mr. Bob webb who personally told Plaintiff that he recieved about a dozen grewanew a year from inimates that fear for their safety whenhoused with game members and also told plaintiff that he receives a handful of grievance per year that minates say they were actually assurated he also stated he has noted as grewance specialist for 3 years this inversation between plainty and Mr. Bob Webb occured in Helana light Security Law Library on a about Feb 2004 this described in plaintife declaration beled april 14th 2004 at page 2 paragraphs 1 thrule also see saragraphs 7+houry and 15-. defendants never sis puted clamity/e description of the personal Conversation he had with lormer frequence specialist or anversatione with ACLW representative Tim Fitz patrice or the letter plaint of sent to refendant Nolan Espinda, Certainly all these admissione and omessions and declarations prove plaintiffs allegation and claims that defendants had actual and Constructive knowledge of the Known Hazard and danger in the use of the housing practice and this danger was directed at an identifiable group of prisonere (non-gang members) and the evidence demon strated this, and those defendants at the higher chain of Command his k to take a back reat to their acquiescence in the use of a housing practice created by subordinates under which unconstitutional practices occurred, and ar allowed the continuance or such a policy or Custom. There failure to promulgate their statutous duties in regards to safety and protection issued in there subordenates use in the houseing practice and failure to Train them and provide safequards. Plaintiffs have shown from argue ments and the mentioned evidence in this paragraph that a demonstratable pattern of Victimization existed in the practice

Nefendants Frank J. Lopez and James proportricks Response to plaint fle first request for answers to interrogatories answers to interrogatories to se interrogatories their answer raise questions of why that particular situation was not addressed on a case by casebasis. Decause it is these glaring defeciencement that give rise to unconstitionally defective practices Both of these defendants in their inter rogatories reiterate "potential to be athreat" again these are identical anowers to interrogatory #33 three 30, coincidence or direction and altering by Attorney Jenerals Attorneys who have an interest in this case they also are defendants in this action and approve policy and practices for the Nept of public Safety these answers are some type of Journal response prepared and quien by defendants attorneys again in order to escape hability, (see answers from Lopez and proportail 23 than 30 are identeal)

Point outhis is again the same arguements plaintiffe brough up in their motion for Niscovery Sanctions, and and enlargement of time, who can ascertain the extent defendants attarney have tampered with declaration and interioratories from defendants deviating from the truth and specifies to present evasure and most answers this is unacceptable practice and be haviour on the part of defendants attorney; what are they trying to hide and who do they think they are fooling.

Other defendants answers to interrogation are sus preciously (dentreal as well and Contradictory to previous stipulations as an example is Exhibit I in plaintiffe Opposition filed Jan 18th 2006 - This exhibit contains a stipulation by defend ants " + hat during the relevant time period, the policy of Halana Facility was to separate numbers of reval gangs and that sometimes left non-gang members housed in the same population as known gang numbers, The word "some times" is of significance in the use of the housing practice.

Plaint/fe have alleged and argued that this word "Sometimes" is the arbitrary use against an identificable group and suspect class in the use of the housing practice resulting in unconstitutional exclusion of the separation process/practice/custom/policy used for rival preson gang members and danying non-gang members an equal opportunity to participate in protection and safety issues concerning compatibility in a separated Concentrated rival prison gang environment in a Maximum Security prison setting.

the point on this is when reviewing defendants interrogatories they try to change the perception of the stepulation from sometimes to all the time. The reason whis defendants stepulated in the trust place the word "Sometimes" is simply because semetimee rongang members were housed in the separated Concentrated was prisin gang housing area and sometimes they were not and placed in a non-gary housing area. Negendants try to Turist this perception that every Quad in Both Medemun and high security facility this was occurring when in fact plaintiffe arque it was not and the housing areas this Mactice was occurring was limited to about half the Quads in the entire preson whereas the other half had non-gang numbers and mostly Concentrations of non-gang members. the Quad plaint of anthony Hisket and hellan Rotes came from he fore housing in the Challenged housing area was a rongang member environment there were no pusm gang numbers separated or otherwise and plaintoffs know that module 4 contained all non going nembels as well as certain other Quads in different Modules plainty/e are in Opposition to this misrepresentation of the use in the housing practice.

a non-gang member in the challenged housing area, which was offer protective custody before housing in a rival gang page 7 2 11

Concentrated maximum security environment or place the non-gang member in a non-gang gread. Plaintiff allege and Claim that not to do this and without warning or screening to house a non-gang member new to the prison (Fresh) in with elasoned concentration of rival gang members who already have demonstrated their propensity of Violence with acts of Violence within the prison upon noth rival prison gang and non-gang members and to do this to a immate unaware on a momente notice is a lasy foreseeable predictable danger to that immate and to say it is "not reversarely" so is a demonstration of deliberate exporance.

Point on this is the New immate is Vulnerable to extention, coercion, and recruitment by the seasoned wall prison gang numbers another point he has so record of motional Violence what so ever and not one tatoo as plaintiffs have some, on the other hand those rival prison gang numbers have earned their way into the maximum security setting through a history of Violent acts in the prison these Violent acts include act of Violence against rival proson gang as well as son-gang mambers before being housed in the Maximum Security separated rival prison gang howing area.

Plaintff have no propensity for Violence and ded not have a demonstratable history of the therival push gangs did a tries of fact Certainly could agree that this danger is Obvious Mose over the housing area plaintoffe were put in contained the noist and most Violently demonstratable rival push gangs in the entire state of the having prison gang numbers managed to Bust through the Concreat and escape from the lawa high security facility endangering the public.

Plaint / argue intent to haim is demonstrated in Plaint / le evidence and defendants admissions and omissione as well as the arquenents herein at page 4 demonstrating a pattern of beatings and deleberate indifference to the high propability that this risk might occur. Dee, eg., Estelle V. Jamble, 429 U.S. 97, 47 S.Ct. 285, 50 L. Ed. 2d 25/ (1976); Phodes V. Chapman, 452 U.S. 337, 10/ S.Ct. 2392, 69 L. Ed. 2d, 59 (1981) quoteing Overton V. Bazzetta 123 S.Ct 2162 at 2170(III)

Plaint of arque this howoms practice is a dramatic departure from accepted standards for Conditione of confinement especially in a Maximum Security setting. Plaintiffs assert that the Challenged howoms practice is a Violation of the 8th amendment and encempasses equal protection laws. Concerning prisoners who are an identifiable group/suspect class and subject to a discriminatory howoms practice that excludes non-gang numbers from protection and safety issue for separation where as revail prison gangs are afforded these safety precautions and safeguards and creating disparate impact and disparall classes of prisoners (Non-gang mambers and revail prison gangs) in the use of a constitutionally defective housing practice.

Defendants interrogatories answers concerning how many rival prison gaing numbers were allowed in a Quad at one time is indicative that there was no set limit giving creat to plainty so assection that a Concentration 3 15 - 18 were housed in an area that held only at crimates and that plainty so were housed with 15 - 18 rival prison gaing members and leaders belonging to one single wall gaing.

Defendants answers to interrogatories concerning screening for compatibility with separated revail prison garges is indicative that there was an is no occerning for Compatibility afferming plainty Claim there is no occerning for Compatibility page 9 4 10

and their affirmed by defendant David Agao answer

Defendent Cenda Sanden response to interrogatorie #3.

here defendant Sandin states its impossible to determine all gains and non-gains members and separate them accordingly. This is not true and defendant of fectively used a screening and classification practice to determine reval gange and separate them accordingly as otipulated and presented as evidence in plaintiffs Opposition exibit. F. This is a here defendants attempt to change the perception of the howsing practice in stateins Non-gains and gains members are housed to get the throughout HCF. "which

also at Defendant Sandin response to interrogatory "11 all enmates have the potential to Victimize other immates. this statement is broad and evasive, it does not take into account plantiffe allegations that going targeting is pervisive in the Challenged howing area and is much different than a disagreement or fight between non-going members, prison gange operate as a Organized structure with the purpose and goal to domoustrate power through Violence and intermidation, the Rature and Character of HEF promival gange is totally different then fight between non gang nembers, With prison gange an inmate knows he is up an conganization not a one on one comportation with a non gang number. We fendant Sanden attempts to put reon gang numbers and reval preson gange in the same box but these 2 types of immates are not at all the same and nongang numbers do not have the same goals or character as puon reval gangeous have the same goals and Objectives.

Defendants try to convince that reval proon gang only concern is the other reval proon gang and in part this is true however the other side of the Coin will show prion gangs that are separated from it all preson gang will focus their actions gang targeting upon those tresh new non-gang immates that are condered to be housed with them resulting time and time again in heatings coercion and recruitment in the housing area.

page 10 gll

and it is the non-gang member who is beaten, Coenced, and forced into gang membership not the other way around and the policy of the rival prison gang plainty se were housed with was that any new immate placed in their housing area one way or another will foir their pusm gang or suffer the Saintiffe address their arque news for qualified omnumbs

in there opposition at pages 24, 25, 26

also Neperdants answers to interroga for 3,3 is indicative that there is no training, instruction, writtentules in the houseing practice, auston and policy giving credit to plaintifle Claims of failure to Train and failure to provide safe quards at (interrogators 2, 3). also see causes of action.

Rlaintiffe main arguements are contained in their Opposition leled Jan 18th soog this supplementes meant to introduce to the Honorable Court Wefendants answers to interrogatories and argueonents to support plaintiffs Opposition to defendants notion for Summary Judgement.

Plaintiff will not be adding any more to this and will await the Honorable Courts decesion whismatter. plaintiff ask that the court derry defendants notion for summany judgement and defendants qualified immunity. Plaintiffe would have request and suspiciously, identical answers plaintiff are convinced that defendants attorney will continue to manipulate the rules of tederal Civil precedure concerning discovery and answers to interrogatorys Through alterations or other nears to distort, and misrepresent tacta again interrogetice from Edwin shemody said Finan and John payton have not responded or produced to plaintiffe as of Yet.

Respectfully Submitted

Nate april 6th 2006

Anthony Nesbet plantoff prose

pare 10 911